

Алгоритм: На given To  $\mathcal{D}$ o x ppo6итeлbствoм To пpоблeмa:

$$\min 3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \geq 4$$

$$x_2 - x_3 \leq 2$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = 6$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

15/4/19

Ляж (D)

$$\max 4w_1 + 2w_2 + 6w_3$$

$$w_1 + w_3 \leq 3$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 \leq 2$$

$$w_1 - w_2 + w_3 \leq 1$$

$$w_1 \geq 0 \quad w_2 \leq 0 \quad w_3 \in \mathbb{R}$$

(Гарантoе Oт G, B, D, o лaддaв)

$$\text{Тeднa } w_1 = z_6 - C_6 + C_6 = 3$$

$$w_3 = z_7 - C_7 + C_7 = 1$$

$$w_2 = z_5 - C_5 + C_7 = 0$$

$$z_4 - c_4 = (w_1, w_2, w_3) \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \leq 0$$

$$-w_1 \leq 0 \Rightarrow \underline{w_1 \geq 0}$$

$$z_5 - c_5 = (w_1, w_2, w_3) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \leq 0 \Rightarrow w_2 \leq 0$$

$$(z_7 - c_7) = (w_1, w_2, w_3) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = -M \leq 0 \Rightarrow w_3 - M \leq 0$$

$$z_j - c_j = w' p_j - c_j \\ = (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_m) \begin{pmatrix} a_{1j} \\ a_{2j} \\ \vdots \\ a_{mj} \end{pmatrix} - c_j$$

$$a_{1j} w_1 + a_{2j} w_2 + \dots + a_{mj} w_m - c_j \quad \text{Ευκαμπτικό κόστος:}$$

$$z(x(\theta)) = z_0 - \theta(z_j - c_j)$$

- Αν έχω τη dual του (IT) χωρίς να έχω το τελικό  $\theta$  da υπολογίσω να βρω τη dual του (D)

Παρατήρηση Αν  $\hat{x}, \hat{w}$  είναι οπότε λύσεις του (IT) και (D) αντίστοιχα.  
 τότε  $\hat{x}(a_1 \hat{w}_1 + \dots + a_m \hat{w}_m - c_j) = 0$  (Δευ. Σφικταμπαρίων Χαλαρώνει)  
 $\hat{w}_i (a_{i1} \hat{x}_1 + \dots + a_{im} \hat{x}_m - b_i) = 0$

Απάντηση  $\hat{w} = c_B B^{-1}$

Παρά (από την εργασία)

$x_1$ αριθμός	Σπανάκι	$\max 60x_1 + 30x_2 + 20x_3$
$x_2$ αριθμός	Τραπέζι	$3x_1 + 6x_2 + x_3 \leq 48$ (Εύρεση)
$x_3$ αριθμός	Καφετέρια	$2x_1 + 1.5x_2 + 0.5x_3 \leq 8$ (ώρες μαγειρέματος)
		$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 1.5x_3 \leq 20$ (ώρες διπλοποίησης)
		$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$

(D)  $\min 43w_1 + 3w_2 + 20w_3$   
 $3w_1 + 2w_2 + 4w_3 \geq 60$   
 $6w_1 + 15w_2 + 2w_3 \geq 30$   
 $w_1 + 0.5w_2 + 1.5w_3 \geq 20$   
 $w_1, w_2, w_3 \geq 0$

$\Psi_{\max}$  τα  $w_1, w_2, w_3$   
 $x_1 = 2, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 3$   
 $Z = 280$

$3w_1 + 2w_2 + 4w_3 = 60$  ή  $x_1, x_2 > 0$  (πρόσθετος περιορισμός και βγαίνει ότι  $w_1 = 0$ )  
 $w_1 + 0.5w_2 + 1.5w_3 = 20$   
 $w_1 = 0$   
 $w_2 = 10, w_3 = 10$

$w_1 = 0$  συμβαίνει τα περισσότερα ζυγάρια των ειδών. Αν επρόκειτο να κάναμε και άλλους περιορισμούς θα είχαμε διαφορετικά αποτελέσματα.

## Παραδείγματα

$$\max 4x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 12$$

$$x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 10$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \leq 10$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$$

$$x_1 = 2, x_2 = 0, x_3 = 4$$

$$\triangle \min 12w_1 + 10w_2 + 10w_3$$

$$2w_1 + w_2 + 3w_3 \geq 4$$

$$3w_1 + 4w_2 + w_3 \geq 9$$

$$w_1 + 2w_2 + w_3 \geq 3$$

$$w_1, w_2, w_3 \geq 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2w_1 + w_2 + 3w_3 = 4 \\ w_1 + 2w_2 + w_3 = 3 \end{array} \right\} w_1 = 0$$

$$w_1 + 2w_2 + w_3 = 3$$

$$\underline{w_2 = w_3 = 1}$$

## Παράδειγμα

$$\max 10x_1 + 6x_2 - 4x_3 + x_4 + 12x_5$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 3x_5 \leq 18$$

$$x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 + 2x_5 \leq 6$$

$$x_i \geq 0$$

$$\triangle \min 18w_1 + 6w_2$$

$$2w_1 + w_2 \geq 10 \quad *$$

$$w_1 + w_2 \geq 6$$

$$w_1 - w_2 \geq 4 \quad *$$

$$w_2 \geq 1$$

$$3w_1 + 2w_2 \geq 12$$

$$w_1, w_2 \geq 0$$

## Αντίστροφο πρόβλημα

$$w_1 = 2, w_2 = 6, b = 72$$

Hilf mir die Optimalwerte zu finden:

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 3x_5 = 18 \quad (\text{neue } w_1, w_2 = 0)$$

$$x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + x_4 + 2x_5 = 6$$

$$2x_1 + x_3 = 18 \Rightarrow x_1 = 9$$

$$x_1 - x_3 = 6 \Rightarrow x_3 = 3$$

Tableau SOS

Drehen zu Tableau

B	$C_B$	$b$	-1	2	-3	0	0	0
			$P_1$	$P_2$	$P_3$	$P_4$	$P_5$	$P_6$
$P_1$	-1	11	1	-1/2	1	1	0	0
$P_5$	0	0	0	2	-1	0	1	0
$P_6$	0	8	0	0	0	2	0	1
	2	-11	0	-3/2	2	-1	0	0

B	$C_B$	$b$	-1	2	-3	0	0	0
			$P_1$	$P_2$	$P_3$	$P_4$	$P_5$	$P_6$
$P_1$	-1	7	1	0	3/4	0	1/4	-1/2
$P_2$	2	0	0	1	-1/2	0	1/2	0
$P_4$	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	1/2
	2	-7	0	0	-5/4	0	3/4	1/2

$$\max -x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 + 0x_4$$

$$x_1 - \frac{1}{2}x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 11$$

$$2x_2 - x_3 \leq 0$$

$$2x_4 \leq 8$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0$$

$$(D) \min 11w_1 + 3w_2$$

$$w_1 \geq -1$$

$$-\frac{1}{2}w_1 + 2w_2 \geq 2$$

$$w_1 - w_2 \geq -3$$

$$w_1 + 2w_2 \geq 0$$

$$w_2, w_3 \geq 0, w_i \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$w_1 = (2_1 - C_1) + C_1 = -1$$

$$w_2 = (2_5 - C_5) + C_5 = 3/4$$

$$w_3 = (2_6 - C_6) + C_6 = 1/2$$

Answer

B	C <sub>B</sub>	b	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>4</sub>	P <sub>5</sub>	P <sub>6</sub>
P <sub>6</sub>	-M	1	1	1	-1	0	0	1
P <sub>3</sub>	0	1	1	-1	0	1	0	0
P <sub>5</sub>	0	1	-1	1	0	0	1	0
		-M	-1-M	-1-M	+M	0	0	0

B	C <sub>B</sub>	b	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	P <sub>3</sub>	P <sub>4</sub>	P <sub>5</sub>	P <sub>6</sub>
P <sub>1</sub>	1	1	1	-1	0	1	0	0
P <sub>3</sub>	0	0	0	-2	1	1	0	-1
P <sub>5</sub>	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0
		1	0	-2	0	1	0	M

- 1) Na Sifat-sifat dan To Tipobdnta  
 2) Na sifat-sifat dan To Tediko tabelan (o)  
 3) Na Sifat dan ~~dan~~ n Augn To Tipobd.  
 4) Duku, Exer duan;

2) max  $x_1 + x_2$

$$x_1 + x_2 \geq 1$$

$$x_1 - x_3 \leq 1$$

$$-x_1 + x_2 \leq 1$$

$$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$$

3) P<sub>2</sub> So Tediko Tabelan dua dan n Sifat optimasi. Apa In efektifno dan Exer!

a) (D) min  $w_1 + w_2 + w_3$

$$w_1 + w_2 - w_3 \geq 1$$

$$w_1 - w_2 + w_3 \geq 1$$

$$w_1 \leq 0 \quad w_2, w_3 \geq 0 \quad \text{Has dua xupis duan.}$$

3.6

Basidial (da TIPENI va eretivake to  
 Tipis basidial  $P_1, P_2$

Ajukan

$$\max 2x_1 - 3x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4$$

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 8$$

$$x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 6$$

$$2x_2 - x_4 = 3 \quad x_i \geq 0$$

4) dan da (dua)  $\lambda = \left( \frac{1}{5}, 0, \frac{21}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \right)'$

Transportation

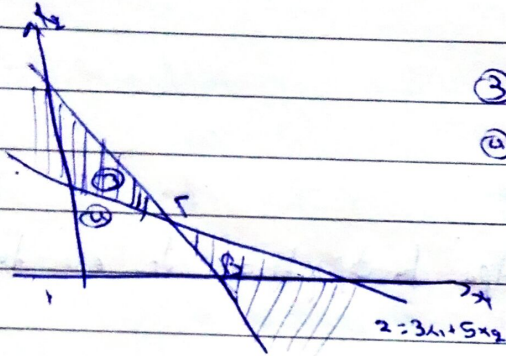
max  $3x_1 + 5x_2$

$2x_1 + x_2 \leq 230$  (3)

$x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 250$  (4)

$x_1 \leq 150$  (5)

$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$  (1), (2)



③  $2x_1 + x_2 \leq 230$

④  $x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 250$

$-C_1$  /  $C_2$  nilai dari constraint

$-2 \leq \frac{-C_1}{C_2} \leq -0.5$

$-2 \leq \frac{-C_1}{5} \leq -0.5$

$-2 \leq \frac{-3}{C_2} \leq -0.5$

Kada dua terapan for dua atau tiga 2 constraint  
(ada 2 n lebih, ketetapan n sudu)

$x_1$  in basic feasible

$z_x - (C_x - D_{xx}) \geq 0 \Rightarrow D_{xx} \leq z_x - C_x$

$x_1$  basic feasible

$\hat{C}_B = (C_{B1}, C_{B2}, \dots, C_{Br} + D_{Cr}, \dots, C_{Bm})$

$z_j - C_j = \hat{C}_B B^{-1} P_j - C_j \geq 0 \quad \forall j$   
 $= C_B B^{-1} P_j + (0, \dots, D_{Cr}, \dots, 0) \begin{pmatrix} y_{1j} \\ y_{2j} \\ \vdots \\ y_{rj} \\ \vdots \\ y_{mj} \end{pmatrix} - C_j$

$= z_j - C_j + D_{Cr} y_{rj} \geq 0$

$D_{Cr} - y_{rj} \geq -(z_j - C_j)$



$$\text{Ar } y_{rj} > 0 \quad \Delta C_{Br} > - \frac{(z_j - c_j)}{y_{rj}}$$

$$\text{Ar } y_{rj} < 0 \quad \Delta C_{Br} < - \frac{(z_j - c_j)}{y_{rj}}$$

$$\max_j \left\{ \frac{(z_j - c_j)}{y_{rj}}, y_{rj} > 0 \right\} \leq \Delta C_{Br} \leq \min_j \left\{ - \frac{(z_j - c_j)}{y_{rj}}, y_{rj} < 0 \right\}$$

Στο παρακάτω κτ τα άκρα, στο τέλος ταίρια αλληλο β Γ<sub>3</sub>

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 60 + \Delta C_1 \\ 20 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -1.25 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(60 + \Delta C_1)(-1.25) + 40 - 30 \geq 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 60 + \Delta C_1 \\ 20 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 1.5 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} - 0 \geq 0 \quad (60 + \Delta C_1) + 1.5 - 4 \cdot 20 \geq 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 60 + \Delta C_1 \\ 20 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -0.5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - 0 \geq 0$$

$$\text{fast! } (60 + \Delta C_1) + 2 \cdot 20 \geq 0$$

$$\Delta C_1 \geq -4$$

$$\Delta C_1 \geq -\frac{20}{3}$$

$$\Delta C_1 \leq 20$$

$$B^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1.5 & -0.5 \\ 0 & -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-4 \leq \Delta C_1 \leq 20$$

$$\hat{b} = b + \Delta b_k e_k \quad e_k = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow k \text{ όσον}$$

$$\hat{x}_B = B^{-1} \hat{b} = B^{-1} b + B^{-1} \Delta b_k e_k \geq 0 \quad \forall i \quad x_{B_i} + \Delta b_k y_{ik} \geq 0$$

$$\text{Av } y_{ik} < 0 \quad D_{b_k} < -\frac{x_{ei}}{y_{ik}}$$

$$\text{Av } y_{ik} > 0 \quad D_{b_k} > -\frac{x_{ei}}{y_{ik}}$$

$$\max \left\{ -\frac{x_{ei}}{y_{ik}}, y_{ik} > 0 \right\} < D_{b_k} < \min \left\{ -\frac{x_{ei}}{y_{ik}}, y_{ik} < 0 \right\}$$

Ändern  $b_1$

$$\hat{x}_B = \bar{B}^{-1} \hat{b} = \bar{B}^{-1} b + D_{b_k} \bar{B}^{-1} e_k$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 24 \\ 2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} D_{b_1} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad D_{b_1} \geq -24$$

Ändern  $b_2$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 24 \\ 2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} + D_{b_2} \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 1.5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad -\frac{2}{1.5} \leq D_{b_2} \leq \min \left\{ \frac{24}{8}, \frac{8}{4} \right\}$$

Ändern  $b_3$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 24 \\ 2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} + D_{b_3} \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -0.5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \geq \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \max \left\{ -\frac{24}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} \right\} \leq D_{b_3} \leq \frac{-9}{-0.5}$$

Lindemann